Research Coordinator As A Negotiator Resolving problems and building relationships

Karen Adams University of Washington Institute of Translational Health Sciences September 13, 2016



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Session Outline

Overview: conflict, and negotiation in research coordination

Strategies for successful negotiation Case studies and small group discussion

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OVERVIEW What is conflict?

"Friction or opposition resulting from actual or perceived differences or incompatibilities"

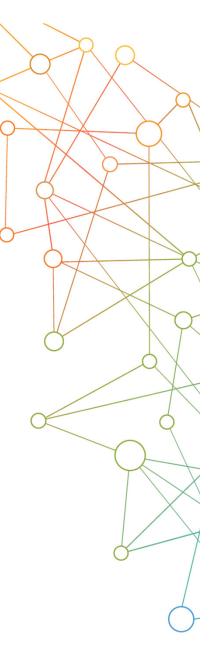
--BusinessDictionary.com





OVERVIEW Why does conflict happen?

- High amount of interaction
- Differing knowledge or perspectives
- Mismatched goals
- >Unclear expectations
- Poor or undeveloped relationships





OVERVIEW Where does conflict happen?



OVERVIEW What is negotiation?

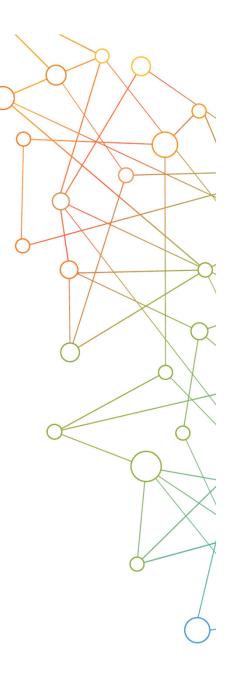
"A dialogue between two or more people or parties to reach a beneficial outcome" --Wikipedia





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OVERVIEW What negotiation is not



Winning



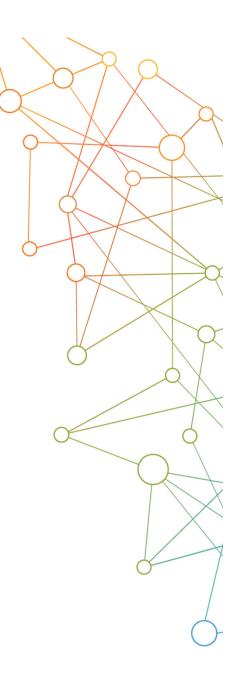
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OVERVIEW What negotiation should be!

A win-win solution

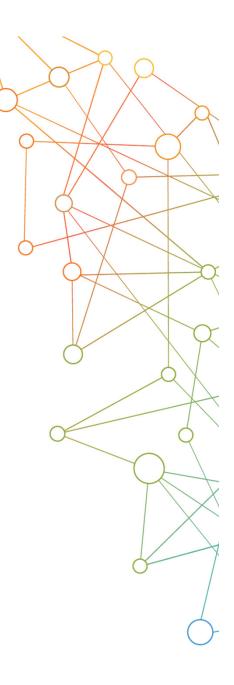






OVERVIEW A win-win solution

A solution that benefits everyone
 Meets shared goals
 Has agreeable compromise
 Fosters learning and growth





OVERVIEW Benefits of win-win negotiation

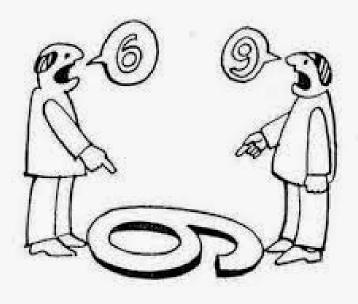
- Increase your effectiveness
- ➢ Be an advocate
- Create positive relationships
- Decrease future conflict

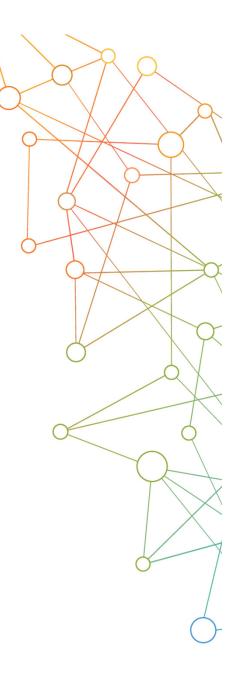




STRATEGIES Identify conflict negotiation scenario

Describe the conflict that existsNow what?







STRATEGIES #1 Define your interests

What are your interests?
What is important to you?
What is not important to you?

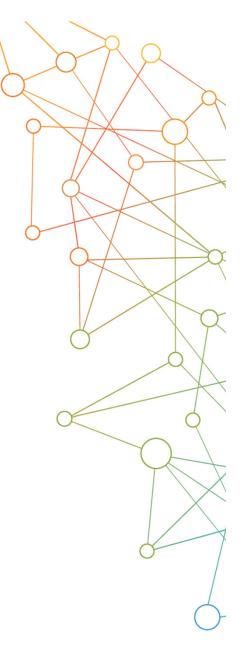




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STRATEGIES #2 Understand the other side

- >What are their interests?
- > What is important to them?
- >What impacts their position?
- > What are your assumptions?





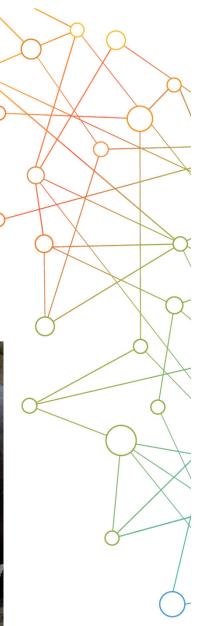
STRATEGIES #3 Identify shared goals

Identify mutual purposeIdentify shared goals





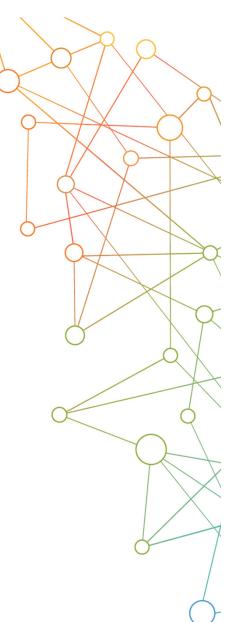
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STRATEGIES #4 Find a fair standard

Identify objective criteria to help develop a solution







STRATEGIES #5 Consider a range of outcomes

- > What are possible solutions?
- ➢ Be open-minded





STRATEGIES #6. Reflect on "style under stress

- What are your communication stress patterns?
- Recognize patterns to shape behavior





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STRATEGIES #7 Prioritize issues tactfully

- ➤ Have a clear idea of the key issues
- Start with most important issue
- >Lead with least controversial issue





STRATEGIES #8 Encourage open dialogue

- Get relevant information on the table
- Share interests
- Share your facts and conclusions
- Encourage reciprocity
- > Don't get stuck on a position

STRATEGIES #9 Be an active listener

- Listen to hear the other viewpoint
- Don't interrupt or argue
- Make positive acknowledgements
- Repeat your understanding





STRATEGIES #10 Take a step back

- > Are your motives in line with goals?
- >What impact are you having?
- Is your communication under stress?
- > How is the other person is reacting?



STRATEGIES #11 Repair dialogue

> Apologize if appropriate

- ≻Use "I don't intend, I don't mean"...
- Find and state mutual purpose





STRATEGIES #12 Identify value from conflict

- Think creatively about how to collaborate instead of clash
- Identify and relay common ground
- Joint gains are often born from conflicto





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SMALL GROUP CASE STUDIES, Prepare for a negotiation

Use "Prepare for Collaborative Problem Solving" worksheet

- 1. What are your interests?
- 2. What are the other person's interests?
- 3. What are shared goals?
- 4. What objective criteria exist that could help resolve the issue?
- 5. What are acceptable outcomes?
- 6. What are styles of stress to consider?



Takeaways

- > You have something unique to offer!
- Use collaborative problem solving in conflicts
- Develop negotiation & dialogue skills
- Reach agreements that satisfy all
- Build relationships that work for you

References

<u>Books</u>

- Crucial Conversations, Patterson, Grenny, McMillan, Switzler
- Getting to Yes, Fisher, Ury, Patton

<u>Tools</u>

- Circle Chart (From "Getting to Yes")
- Style Under Stress test (From "Crucial Conversations")
 https://www.vitalsmarts.com/styleunderstress/

